

Police Facility Focus Group

February 25, 2025



Agenda





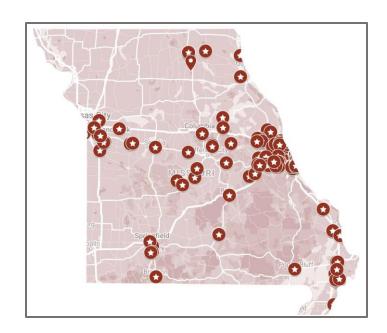


- Introductions
- Pulling it all together What we have learned
- Project Feasibility
- Process Moving Forward
- Q & A





Introductions



Supported 71 MO Public Agencies in 2024

Managed >20 Police Facilities since 2019 (Past 5 Years)



Todd Sweeney, PE – Co Founder NAVIGATE Building Solutions, LLC

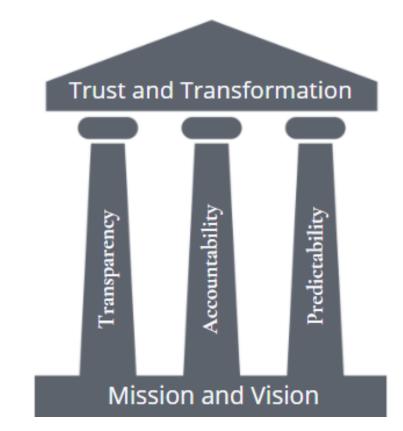
• Owner's Representatives

1. Transparency:

- Competitive Procurement
- Communications

2. Accountability

- Effective Contracting
- Compliance
- Documentation



3. Predictability

- Budget, Schedule, Quality Management





Pulling it all together What we learned

ODESSA is a unique and proud community

- . Strong Support of the Men in Blue
- . Will support VALUE based solutions

 ½ Cent tax over 40 Years is too much

 Financial Advisors to discuss

 \$6.5M is too much

 Target <\$4.9M

 15,000 GSF is too big

 Target 6,000 NSF / 8,000 GSF

 Community Personality values

 Functional over Award Winning</p>





Project Feasibility, Reducing Building Size

Reducing Building Size: Keep Core Police Functions and remove: Courts, EOC, Fitness, Animal Control





12.87



Project Feasibility Simplify Site

<u>Simplify Site:</u> Maintain Single Field of Parking, Reduce Walks and Paving Features





Project Feasibility Simplify Facade

<u>Understand your Community</u> – Functional / Durable vs. Fancy / Aesthetics Focused









Inspiration From









Inspiration From



Key points about <u>essential</u> <u>facilities</u> in building codes:

•High Importance:

•Due to their critical function, essential facilities require stricter construction standards to ensure they can withstand extreme loads and remain operational during emergencies.

•Risk Category IV:

•In the IBC, buildings classified as "Risk Category IV" are considered essential facilities.

•Examples:

•Hospitals, police stations, fire stations, emergency shelters, water treatment plants, power generation facilities, and critical communication centers are commonly categorized as essential facilities.

•Design considerations:

•When designing an essential facility, engineers must take into account additional structural reinforcement, redundancy systems, and potential post-disaster operational needs



Project Feasibility Consider New vs. Renovate

NEW:

City Owned Property large enough for single story building and future expansion

RENOVATION:

Renovating a building for use as an ESSENTIAL FACILITY (Risk Category IV) International Building Code, is generally cost prohibitive.

<u>Supporting Case Studies</u>: City of Cape Girardeau, City of Glendale, City of Poplar Bluff, City of St. Charles.



MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the Odessa Police Department is to work in partnership with the community, to protect human life, safeguard property, respect and preserve the rights of all individuals equally, and endeavor to enhance the quality of life for all who live in Odessa.

Dedication

to the community, this department, and one another

Respect

for our residents, each other, and ourselves

Integrity

in which our actions will reflect our honesty

Accountability

to answer for our actions and decisions

Courage

to be steadfast in the face of challenges



- Select Design Team and hold them accountable to design to budget.
- Conduct Community Outreach to encourage local supplier and vendors to participate
- Competitively Bid All Work to achieve best value and ensure transparency.
- Contract SMART, Document Project and hold parties accountable for a successful completion





Transparency Is The Currency of Trust



2 MIN
AVERAGE
RESPONSE
TIME

28 MIN

AVERAGE

TIME ON

SCENE



Process Moving Forward

- Set new Project Total and Scope of Work
- Confirm Supporting Sales Tax Requirements
- Establish Community Engagement Plan for Future Referendum



